

Help Topic: Scripted Pokes to the MOOSDB

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Scripted Pokes to the MOOSDB

Here we cover how to have a script of pre-arranged pokes to the [MOOSDB](#). This may be useful for a number of reasons besides debugging. The primary tool described here is the `uTimerScript` MOOS application. It is capable of (a) scripted pokes at pre-defined times after launch, (b) pokes having a poke-time specified to fall randomly within a specified interval, (c) pokes having numerical values falling with a uniformly random interval, and several other features including conditioning the running of the script based on other MOOS variables.

Where to get more information:

- `uTimerScript`: <http://oceanai.mit.edu/ivpman/apps/uTimerScript>

Or simply:

```
$ uTimerscript --web
```

Basic `uTimerScript` Usage

`uTimerScript` is configured with its own block in the MOOS configuration file. The general format is below. The primary entries are the events themselves, defined by a MOOS variable, value, and time or time-range when the event is to occur. There are many options for configuring the script. These options are described in the documentation, but a quick look at the options can be seen by typing `uTimerScript --example` on the command line.

```
ProcessConfig = uTimerScript
{
  event = var=<MOOSVar>, val=<value>, time=<value>
  event = var=<MOOSVar>, val=<value>, time=<value>
  ...
  event = var=<MOOSVar>, val=<value>, time=<value>

  [OPTIONS]
}
```

A Simple Example with uTimerScript

The below mission file contains a **uTimerScript** script for repeatedly posting the variable COUNTER_A with values 1-10 in ascending order roughly once every half second. The last event in the script is posted at time chosen from a random five second interval.

Listing 0.1: A simple counter example with uTimerScript.

```
// (wget http://oceanai.mit.edu/2.680/examples/utscript.moos)
ServerHost = localhost
ServerPort = 9000
Community = alpha

ProcessConfig = ANTLER
{
  MSBetweenLaunches = 200

  Run = MOOSDB @ NewConsole = false
  Run = uXMS @ NewConsole = true
  Run = uTimerScript @ NewConsole = false
}

ProcessConfig = uXMS
{
  VAR = COUNTER_A, DB_CLIENTS, DB_UPTIME
  COLOR_MAP = COUNTER_A, red
  HISTORY_VAR = COUNTER_A
}

ProcessConfig = uTimerScript
{
  paused = false

  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=1, time=0.5
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=2, time=1.0
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=3, time=1.5
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=4, time=2.0
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=5, time=2.5
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=6, time=3.0
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=7, time=3.5
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=8, time=4.0
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=9, time=4.5
  event = var=COUNTER_A, val=10, time=5:10

  reset_max = nolimit
  reset_time = all-posted
}
```

The mission may be launched from the command-line with:

```
$ pAntler utscript.moos
```

This should open a new console window for **uXMS** displaying the variables COUNTER_A variable repeatedly

incrementing from 1 to 10. Note that reaching 10 happens somewhere between 0.5 and 5.5 seconds after reaching 9.

Exercises

Your goals in this part are:

1. Create a copy of the example mission file in Listing 1 above and save it locally.
2. Launch the mission. It should open a `uXMS` window. Follow the progress of the counter script.

```
$ pAntler utscript.moos
```

3. Take a look at the `uTimerScript` documentation linked from the web page. In particular, Section 3 Script Flow Control. Configure the script such that it is paused when `uTimerScript` is launched. Launch the same mission and confirm that the script is initially not running. Then use `uPokeDB` to un-pause the script, and confirm it is running. Hint: to un-pause the script with `uPokeDB`, you'll need to know which variable to poke, and this also can be found in the `uTimerScript` documentation or by typing `uTimerScript -i` on the command line.
4. This is a bit of a `pAntler` exercise. Configure your mission to launch two versions of the script, the second version publishing to `COUNTER.B`. Note you will need two configuration blocks, each with a unique name. And you will need to launch `uTimerScript` twice within the Antler block, each with an alias. Hint: see the `pXRelay` example at the end of Lab 3.
5. Confirm your new mission launches and executes the two separate scripts and both counters are incrementing.
6. Configure the second script with a `condition` parameter. See Section 3.2 of the `uTimerScript` documentation. Use a condition such as "`condition = COUNTER_A > 5`". Re-launch your mission. Confirm that the second script is paused periodically based on the state of the first script.
7. Add the `pLogger` application to your mission. You will need to add a `pLogger` entry to your ANTLER configuration block, and add the following `pLogger` configuration block at the end of your file.

```
ProcessConfig = pLogger
{
  AsyncLog = true
  WildCardLogging = true
  WildCardOmitPattern = *_STATUS
}
```

Re-run the mission. Confirm that you see the `pLogger` application listed in the `DB_CLIENTS` variable in the `uXMS` scope.

8. Verify that a log file has been created. Since we didn't specify a name for the log file, by default it should be in a subdirectory of where you launched the mission, looking something like `MOOSLog_11.21.2024_11.31.13/`. Enter the directory and confirm that you see an `.alog` file.
9. Take a look at the file by typing `more filename.alog`. Then take a look at the `COUNTER` variables using `allogrep` (substituting of course the name of your `.alog` file:

```
$ aloggrep COUNTER_A COUNTER_B MOOSLog_11_23_2016____11_31_13.aalog
```