

High Data Rate Vehicle Dynamic Testing with MOOS

Jordan Britt Jamie Colbert

GPS and Vehicle Dynamics Laboratory
Auburn University

MOOS_ DAWG'11

Outline

- 1 Intro & Motivation
- 2 Research Overview
 - Sensor Introduction
 - Data Overview
- 3 Pit Falls & Suggestions
 - Timing and Logging Issues
 - Do What I Mean ...
 - Additional Data Viewing
- 4 Final Thoughts
 - Conclusions
 - Acknowledgements
 - Comments

Introduction

- GPS and Vehicle Dynamics Laboratory
- Often taking sizable amount of high speed data



Figure: Research Vehicles

Motivation

Main Thrusts

- Assess robustness of MOOS data logging beyond just size
 - Multiple high rate devices
 - Large number of Channels
- Tasked research: Data Acquisition.
- Ease of Use

Tasked Research

Project Outline

- Project Goal: Validate Simulation of triple-trailer behavior to assess vehicle safety
- Auburn's Responsibility: Instrument a triple-trailer with all necessary (and unnecessary) sensors and DAQ system.
- Requirements: Cheap, Fast (3-months), High data rates (~100Hz).
- Implemented by new RA in Mechanical Engineering (Unfamiliar with C++ / MOOS)



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

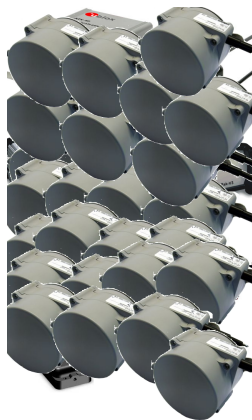
Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

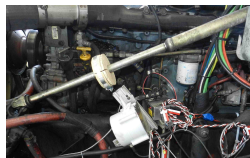
Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150
String Pots	1	Steer	100
	20	Susp	100
	6	Angle	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150
String Pots	1	Steer	100
	20	Susp	100
	6	Angle	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150
String Pots	1	Steer	100
	20	Susp	100
	6	Angle	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

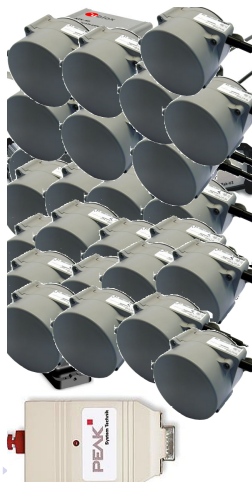
Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150
String Pots	1	Steer	100
	20	Susp	100
	6	Angle	100



Tasked Research

Sensors Used

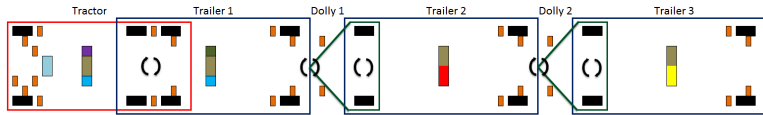
Sensor	Quan	Data	Rate(Hz)
u-blox	2	GPS	1
Novatel	4	GPS	5
RT-2500	1	KF	100
RT-3100	1	KF	100
crossbow	1	IMU	20
Memsense	1	IMU	150
String Pots	1	Steer	100
	20	Susp	100
	6	Angle	100
CAN	1	Engine Params	100



Tasked Research

Location on Trucks

- Location of Sensors on Trucks



Color	Item Description	Connection Type	Data Rate (Hz)
Orange	Sting Pot	CAN	100
Light Blue	Engine CAN	CAN	100
Brown	Novatel	RS-232	5
Light Blue	U-Blox	USB	1
Purple	MemSense	USB	150
Green	Crossbow	RS-232	20
Red	RT-2500	TCP-IP	100
Yellow	RT-3100	TCP-IP	100



Tasked Research

Double Lane Change

Movie

Tasked Research

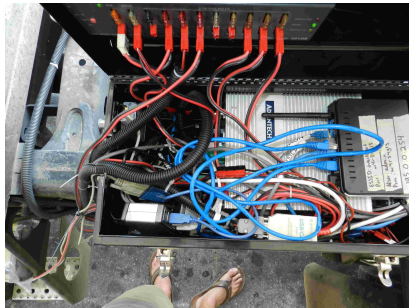
On This PC

- Log all these sensors on this PC:
 - Advantech ARK-5280
 - 1.6GHz Pentium M
 - 2Gig DDR RAM



Data Types

- Data was input over:
 - Serial
 - USB
 - TCP/IP



Data Statistics

- This Comprised 201 Messages
- Logging roughly 600 Kb/s

Failure

- Initially attempted to log just the two RT units (100Hz) and the xbow (20Hz)
- PC was completely bogged down
 - Only 38 messages
 - CPU usage 80-90%

Flushing Causes Clogging

Logging issues

- High CPU usage with logging, required code altering

```
490 bool CM00SLogger::Iterate()
491 {
492     double dfTimeNow = MOOSTime();
493
494     // see if we are currently logging, if not exit sub
495     if (!m_bLogging)
496         return true;
497
498     //look to do a synchronous log...
499     if(m_bSynchronousLog)
500     {
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508     //check monitored variables
509     if(dfTimeNow-m_dfLastMonitorTime>DEFAULT_MONITOR_TIME)
510     {
511
512
513
514
515
516
517
518     //are we requested to do wild card logging?
519     if(m_bWildCardLogging)
520         HandleWildCardLogging();
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528     //finally flush all files to be safe
529     m_SyncLogFile.flush();
530     m_AsyncLogFile.flush();
531     m_SystemLogFile.flush();
532
533
534
535
536
537
538
539     return true;
540 }

```

```
490 bool CM00SLogger::Iterate()
491 {
492     double dfTimeNow = MOOSTime();
493
494     // see if we are currently logging, if not exit sub
495     if (!m_bLogging)
496         return true;
497
498     //look to do a synchronous log...
499     if(m_bSynchronousLog)
500     {
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508     //check monitored variables
509     if(dfTimeNow-m_dfLastMonitorTime>DEFAULT_MONITOR_TIME)
510     {
511
512
513
514
515
516
517
518     //are we requested to do wild card logging?
519     if(m_bWildCardLogging)
520         HandleWildCardLogging();
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528     //finally flush all files to be safe
529     m_SyncLogFile.flush();
530     m_AsyncLogFile.flush();
531     m_SystemLogFile.flush();
532
533
534
535
536
537
538
539     return true;
540 }

```

Flushing Causes Clogging

- With the flush statements removed we were able to log all sensors at the their desired rates.
 - CPU usage down to 30%

A Better Plunger

Logging issues

- However It should probably be changed to be look like this:

```
490 bool CM00SLogger::Iterate()
491 {
492     double dfTimeNow = MOOSTime();
493
494     // see if we are currently logging, if not exit sub
495     if (!m_bLogging)
496         return true;
497
498     //look to do a synchronous log...
499     if(m_bSynchronousLog)
500     {
501
502         //check monitored variables
503         if(dfTimeNow-m_dfLastMonitorTime>DEFAULT_MONITOR_TIME)
504         {
505
506             //are we requested to do wild card logging?
507             if(m_bWildCardLogging)
508                 HandleWildCardLogging();
509
510             //finally flush all files to be safe
511             m_SyncLogFile.flush();
512             m_AsyncLogFile.flush();
513             m_SystemLogFile.flush();
514
515
516             return true;
517         }
518     }
519 }
520
521
522
523
524
525
526
527
528
529
530 }
```

```
131 bool CM00SLogger::ShutDown()
132 {
133     //finally flush all files to be safe
134     m_SyncLogFile.flush();
135     m_AsyncLogFile.flush();
136     m_SystemLogFile.flush();
137
138     return CloseFiles();
139 }
140
141
142 bool CM00SLogger::CloseFiles()
143 {
144     if(m_AsyncLogFile.is_open())
145     {
146         m_AsyncLogFile.close();
147     }
148
149     if(m_SyncLogFile.is_open())
150     {
151         m_SyncLogFile.close();
152     }
153
154     if(m_SystemLogFile.is_open())
155     {
156         m_SystemLogFile.close();
157     }
158
159     //crucially make sure teh zipping thread has sto
160
161 #ifdef ZLIB FOUND
```

Issues with Iterate at 100Hz

Timing Issues

- Needed to send a pulse at 100Hz
 - Failed to operate at that rate
 - Would operate at 90Hz, but fluctuated
 - Is there an alternative to using the sleep command for iterate?
- Curious what rates people often reliably control to.

Read My Mind Methods

- Didn't log all intended messages ...oops
 - Alternatives to wild-card logging?
 - Maybe something that ...
- Didn't log some messages with intended precision
 - We've gotten around this by:

```
/// converts the given value to a string with a given precision  
template <class T>  
inline string precise_to_string (const T& t, unsigned int precision) {  
    >     stringstream ss;  
    >     ss << setprecision(precision) << t;  
    >     return ss.str();  
}
```

Plotting Real-time Data

- uMS is great but, is it possible plot any given signal in real-time?

Conclusions

- MOOS is quite robust
- Very capable of handling multiple processes and channels operating a high data rates
- Very (first time) user friendly

Acknowledgements

- National Transportation Research Center Inc (NTRCI)
 - National Transportation Research Center, Inc., works to promote the development and deployment of advanced transportation technologies through research, testing and commercialization for the benefit of the transportation industry and our transportation systems.
- Federal Highway Administration
 - The Federal Highway Administration is funding part of this project and others across the range of issues that are critical to the transportation industry through the Exploratory Advanced Research (EAR) Program. For more information, see the EAR Web site at <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/advancedresearch/about.cfm>
- All Gavlab members that assisted on this project.

Suggestions / Questions / Comments

Real Talk



Suggestions / Questions / Comments

Wrap Up

- 1 Changing Location of flush statements
- 2 What rates can you reliably control to
- 3 Alternatives to wild-card logging
- 4 uMS plotting